## Self-Management
### Controlling Anger

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade Levels</th>
<th>Prep Time</th>
<th>Activity Time</th>
<th>Materials</th>
<th>Activity Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K-6</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
<td>&lt;15 min</td>
<td>None</td>
<td><strong>Belly Breathing</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Teacher speaking:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Sit quietly at your desk, hands folded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Close your eyes. Breathe normally. Now focus on your breathing: Breathe in slowly to a count of 5, hold for 5, slowly out for a count of 5. When you inhale, visualize yourself getting bigger and lighter. Imagine that the air is rushing in to fill all your body cavities: chest, stomach, back, and shoulders. When you hold your breath, visualize yourself getting lighter and lighter, even levitating. When you exhale, visualize yourself squeezing your lungs, getting rid of every bit of air, pushing it all out through your mouth. Be patient with yourself, slow your breathing. Pay attention to your breath as it goes out. Pay attention to how it feels. Notice how soft and gentle it is.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Remind students to keep their eyes closed, and to continue breathing like this for about four minutes. Periodically remind them to pay attention to their breath. Use a soft voice and try to maintain a calm atmosphere. Encourage the students to think of themselves as balloons inflating with every in breath and sucking their tummy in with their out breath. Encourage them to notice what is happening in their body. This will be your last breath. Slowly fill yourself up, count. Exhale and as you curl down into yourself like a balloon losing all its air, you feel quiet, calm, and relaxed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3-6</th>
<th>10-15 min</th>
<th>&lt;30 min</th>
<th>Chart with anger control skills on it, role play</th>
<th><strong>Role Playing Skills for Controlling Anger</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Begin by discussing anger control skills such as the following:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Counting backwards: quietly counting backwards from 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>If-then statements: asking yourself if you do something what will happen and considering what is the best</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Scenarios or Situations that Involve Anger

- **Choice to Make**
  - Self-talk: saying things to yourself that a good friend might say such as “Calm down, “Take it easy,” or “Let it go.”
  - Self-Evaluation: think about what you need to do get out of a situation and how best to do that.

- **Role Play Scenarios**
  - Come up with different role play scenarios for the children to play out that they can use their anger control skills for. Encourage them to try different examples, one way not using their anger control skills, and another way using their anger control skills. Ask them to discuss the difference between the two.

### How Big Is Your Anger?

- **Materials**
  - Paper, art supplies

- **Procedure**
  - Have the students practice making their own chart. Discuss what each level of anger might mean and encourage them to use their charts in everyday situations.

  - [Link](http://kidlutions.blogspot.com/2012/05/how-big-is-your-childs-anger.html)

### Blowing Bubbles

- **Materials**
  - Bubbles, bubble wrap

- **Procedure**
  - Give each student a small bottle of dollar store bubbles that we blow as we practice taking deep breaths. The deeper and more controlled the breath, the bigger the bubble. This is a simple way to perfect an effective anger-management strategy. You could also get some bubble wrap and encourage students to pop each bubble individually to help their “angries” disappear. Finally, talk with your students about other anger-management strategies they’ve tried. What works, how does it help, and why? Expect answers like exercise, talking it out, writing it down, punching a pillow, taking a time-out, screaming. Validate these healthy choices for when anger chooses them. Teach them how to take square breaths — breathe in deeply through your nose as you draw the first leg of a square with your pointer finger, hold it as you draw the line across the square, exhale through your mouth completely as you draw the 2nd leg, then hold it as you complete the square. Do three of these in a row with your students and ask them to describe how their brains feel.

  - [Link](http://corneroncharacter.blogspot.com/2012/02/when-i-get-mad.html)

### Anger Experiment

- **Materials**
  - Vinegar, red food coloring, baking soda, cotton balls

- **Procedure**
  - Take the ingredients of the anger experiment and name them and experience them using all the senses. The materials are familiar to any early childhood teacher — vinegar becomes the bitter feeling we have when things aren’t going well, baking soda becomes the tears we shed in frustration and anger, and the red food color becomes the color we see (and sometimes, even feel) when we are frustrated and angry. As adults, we know what these will do when we bring them together! The key is that we are adding a component that is so very helpful in gaining emotional intelligence — a plan to calm ourselves. Each child is given a cotton ball — a soft thing — that they name and hold as their “soft thing.” Sophie has the wide, wide world, running, and climbing as her soft thing and each of our children get to name their own as well. From a stuffed dog to mommy’s lap, they name and hold their own individual comforts. When the explosion happens, they put their soft thing into the anger bubbling and frothing over and are amazed to see the anger subside. It does not disappear, of course, anger is an important emotion, but it subsides.

  - [Link](http://takomacooperativeschool.org/2012/09/anger-explosion-experiment/)

### Calming Down Bottles

- **Materials**
  - Water bottles with water, glitter glue, glue, art jewels, glue gun

- **Procedure**
  - Have children make their own calming down bottles by putting glitter and jewels inside of a filled water bottle. Discuss ways that it can help them calm down when they feel angry.

  - [Link](http://www.messforless.net/2014/01/calming-bottles.html)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Materials</th>
<th>Activity Description</th>
<th>Resource</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| K-2   | 0-5 min | Paper, art, supplies, colored cardstock paper | **Bugging Me Chart**  
Create with the class a “When something is bugging me I can say...” chart. Correspond each leg of the bug to something positive and helpful the student can say when he or she feels angry.  
http://wildandfuninprek.blogspot.com/2013/07/monday-made-it.html | |
| K-2   | 0-5 min | Paper, art supplies, cotton balls | **Cool Down Snowman**  
Have children make their own snowman and write coping strategies for anger around the snowman.  
https://s-media-cache-ak0.pinimg.com/originals/e7/77/9a/e7779ad503e7e39d43ccb9ba892c7923.jpg | |
| K-6   | 0-5 min | Paper, easels, art supplies | **Anger Art**  
Set up a few easels for your group, so that the children can paint a picture or color a picture that represents things that make them angry, how they feel before and after they are angry, and any other issues they might be dealing with can help children to express themselves without having to verbalize it. In a safe environment, they might draw something that gives you better insights to deal with their anger.  
| K-2   | 0-5 min | Stamp pad, paper, markers | **Thumbprint Art**  
Have students make a flip book. Use thumbprints to make different people on each page experiencing different emotions.  
| K-6   | 0-5 min | None | **Positive Ways To Handle Anger**  
Have students identify ways in which they handle their anger in positive ways. List these on a chart. Post the chart in the classroom and refer to it when situations arise. | |
| K-2   | 0-5 min | Paper, art supplies | **Drawing Anger Management Strategies**  
Have children draw pictures of different anger management strategies.  
| K-2   | 0-5 min | Paper plates, paper, art supplies | **Angry Paper Plate Masks**  
Have students make an angry mask on a paper plate. Draw additional pictures that the student may actually be feeling or that might be complicating their anger such as frustration or confusion. Discuss how feelings other than anger can contribute to feeling angry.  
| K-2   | 0-5 min | Different colored cardstock, markers, art supplies | **Anger Management Sandwich**  
Have students cut out different pieces of a sandwich and write anger management strategies on them.  
http://corneroncharacter.blogspot.com/2012/08/strategy-sandwiches.html | |
| K-6   | 0-5 min | None | **Knowing the Signs**  
Anger is an emotion. It is a signal that we think we are being treated unfairly. Feelings are neither right nor wrong. It is okay to feel angry. Actions can be right or wrong. It is not okay to hurt ourselves, others, or property when we feel angry. So how can we deal with anger and act in healthy ways?  
1) Recognize anger - know when you are angry and what makes you angry. | |
2) Practice positive responses - practice, practice, practice until your new positive responses become good habits. How do you know when you are angry? All of us have symptoms of anger - physical and mental signs that tell us we are angry. Discuss with students some of the symptoms listed below: Fast heartbeat, Sweating, Shaking, Clenched jaws, Clenched fists, Fast breathing, Headaches, Stomach aches, Upset feeling in the stomach, Tight chest, Tense muscles, Frowning, scowling, Red face, Problems concentrating, Confusion, Memory problems, Thoughts of doing harm, Angry thoughts, Irritability, Short tempered, Yelling, Swearing, Withdrawing from others, Throwing things, Pacing.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Warning Signs of Anger</td>
<td>1. How do you know when you are angry? 2. Where in your body do you feel anger? List your physical signs of being angry. 3. What is the first sign of anger you notice? List your early warning signs that tell you when you are starting to become angry. 4. What makes you angry? List all the things you can think of.</td>
<td>K-6</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anger Gauge</td>
<td>Make an anger gauge and discuss different situations and scenarios and how they would affect the anger gauge. Discuss ways the students can calm down and manage their anger.</td>
<td>K-6</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tornado Bottles</td>
<td>Create tornado bottles, shake them up to show a visual of how anger feels. Leave the bottle for a minute then come back and show the students how the water calms down. Explain calming methods to manage anger.</td>
<td>K-2</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The M&amp;M Game</td>
<td>The “M &amp; M Game,” recommended by Savvy School Counselor, is also a fun choice for your teen to play with a group. Each player will need a fun-sized bag of M &amp; Ms, and you will have to create the game cards ahead of time, which should say: “For every orange, say one thing that makes you angry. For every blue, say one thing you can do to cool off when you’re angry. For every green, say one way you can show self-control in school. For every red, describe a time when it’s hard for you to show self-control. For every black, describe a not-so-good choice you made when you were angry that made the situation worse. For every yellow, describe a good choice you made when you were angry that helped the situation.” Teens can share their answers for each color, then eat their M&amp;Ms.</td>
<td>K-6</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Just Breathe Video</td>
<td>After watching the video discuss the children in the video and what the students learned from watching.</td>
<td>K-6</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mindfulness Video</td>
<td>After watching video, discuss the video with the students.</td>
<td>K-2</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peaceful Place</td>
<td>Have children draw a picture of a peaceful place. Take them through the same steps as in the video by teaching them how to go to their peaceful place in their minds.</td>
<td>K-2</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade</td>
<td>Time</td>
<td>Internet (video), book, paper, art supplies</td>
<td>Activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| K-2   | 0-5 min <30 min | The Angry Octopus  
Watch the video and discuss the ways the octopus can calm down. Draw or cut out a picture of an octopus and then have children write eight anger management strategies on each leg of the octopus (Should probably use book with activity).  
Video: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lMYF_IFcSVM](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lMYF_IFcSVM)  
| K-6   | 0-5 min <30 min | Four-Square Feelings  
Have students fold a piece of paper in half and then in half again so that when unfolded they have four equal squares on their paper. Have them in the first square write what feelings they experience when they are angry. In the second, have the students list the things/people/situations that make them angry. In the third square, have students write a short response to this question, "Do you like feeling angry? Why? Or why not?" In the fourth, have the students write ways in which they can react differently to these things/people/situations that make them angry. Have them apply using what they wrote in square 4 when they feel angry.  
[https://thegriefcenter.wordpress.com/2013/03/22/4-square-emotions/](https://thegriefcenter.wordpress.com/2013/03/22/4-square-emotions/) |
| K-6   | 0-5 min <30 min | Anger Map  
Pass out the anger and feelings worksheet to each student and have them reflect and write about the questions it lists. After they are finished writing, talk about what anger management is. Then have students share what they have learned from their anger and/or managing their anger.  
| K-6   | 0-5 min <30 min | Angry Situations and Responses  
Have different scenarios of times where we get angry such as:  
a. Your friend doesn’t invite you to her birthday party.  
b. Your friend makes the talent show even though you thought your talent was better.  
c. You get a bad grade on a math test.  
d. Your mom tells you to stop playing video games or computer games and clean your room instead.  
e. You get gum in your hair.  
f. You get sick and have to miss the class field trip to the aquarium.  
g. You get in a fight with your sibling.  
h. Another kid cuts you in line for the slide.  
i. You are sent to detention because you wouldn’t stop talking in class.  
j. You miss the winning goal in your soccer game.  
Pick students to come up for each of these different scenarios. After they read or you read the scenario, have them pick out of a hat one response that they can act out. Explain that even though it may be hard, we will be happier if we respond in these positive ways instead of allowing anger to increase.  
| K-6   | 0-5 min <30 min | Angry Balloon  
Blow up a balloon and draw an angry face on it. Then tell the students a story behind why the balloon face is angry. Then pop the balloon. With this, explain that when we let out anger by throwing tantrums, yelling, or fighting we allow our feelings and actions to get out of control and we pop or explode. Then blow up another |
balloon with an angry face on it and explain that when we practice anger management skills (like talking it out, breathing, walking away, etc.) we do not pop under the anger and pressure, we are happier and can go back to normal easier than the popped balloon can. Now demonstrate with a balloon how you can release anger slowly and calmly by slowly letting the air out of the balloon. For younger grades, have students draw pictures of balloons and have them write anger management strategies around the balloon.  


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Materials</th>
<th>Activity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K-6</td>
<td>0-5 min</td>
<td>&lt;30 min</td>
<td>Soda (liter), sharpie marker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Mad Max</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
|       |       |           | Get a soda, take off the label, and draw a face on it. Name it something like Mad Max or any other name that you want just so that students can easily remember this activity. Then talk to the students about what makes them mad. Get a few examples and after each example display the anger through shaking up Mad Max. Do this after each example they give. Then explain that when we feel this anger, we sometimes allow it to build up and up. We bottle all the anger up and begin to feel pressure. Open the bottle up and due to all the shaking it will explode and fizz out. Then have a discussion with the kids about why Mad Max exploded with anger. Explain that sometimes we may feel like we are going to explode with anger but instead we can use anger management techniques that can help us overcome these angry feelings (deep breathing, count from 10 down to 1, positive self-talk, ask for help, etc).  

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U9KlZkg1hk&feature=share

| K-6   | 0-5 min | <30 min | Beach ball, sharpie marker |
|       |       |           | **Beach Ball Activity** |
|       |       |           | Get a beach ball and on this beach ball write different methods for how you can overcome anger in a productive way. Throw the ball to a student and have them read out what the top section of the ball says, then teach that principle. Keep going until all methods of overcoming anger are addressed and learned. If you get one that you have already done, instead of teaching it again have the students demonstrate what it looks like.  
|       |       |           | a. Positive self-talk  
|       |       |           | b. Counting  
|       |       |           | c. Deep breaths  
|       |       |           | d. Sing a favorite song  
|       |       |           | e. Talk about it with an adult  
|       |       |           | f. Walk away  
|       |       |           | g. Write your feelings down  
|       |       |           | h. Go to a quiet place  

http://savvyschoolcounselor.com/the-anger-games/

| K-6   | 0-5 min | <30 min | Paper, know how to make paper airplanes, markers |
|       |       |           | **Airplanes** |
|       |       |           | Show students how to fold their own paper airplanes. On each of the folded pieces, have students write things that make them angry, sad, frustrated, scared or any of these topics. Then have the students, after sharing some of these with the class, throw their paper airplanes towards a target or a garbage can. Explain to the students that they can do this when they feel angry, scared, frustrated, etc. in order to help them realize that they can calm down and overcome them.  
