**Course Information**

**Description**
This course provides an overview of current theories and approaches to counseling supervision. Emphasis will be on helping students enhance and develop their own supervisory philosophy and skills. Students will gain applied experience by providing supervision to 1st year students in the counseling psychology program. Students will become knowledgeable about supervisory relationships, theories and approaches to supervision, current research, ethical and legal considerations, multicultural and feminist perspectives, and administrative tasks. You will gain skills in promoting client welfare and the professional development of a counselor in training. You will refine writing, presentation, and discussion skills. You will improve in your ability to give and receive constructive feedback.

In addition, consultation has become a major approach for providing counseling and psychology services to clients. Consultation emphasizes an increase in problem-solving expertise within a triadic relationship (e.g., consultant-consultee-child). Consultation is recognized as an indirect service delivery approach whereby services are delivered by a consultant (the counseling psychologist) to a consultee (other mental health professional, teacher, parent, administrator, organization) who, in turn, provides services to a client in the school or community setting. The indirect approach to service delivery generally is regarded as a "best practice" because it allows the counseling psychologist to impact many more children than could be served through a direct approach. Consultation involves a collaborative relationship in which the consultant is viewed as a facilitator. The emphasis is placed on the collaborative problem-solving process, which occurs during a series of interviews and related assessment activities. Throughout this process, the consultant’s role is to elicit a description of the problem, assist in analyzing the problem, devise a plan for intervention, and monitor the program once implemented. Consultation is an important competency, which directly impacts change at individual and organizational levels.

**Text & Supplemental Readings**

Supplemental readings as assigned and listed in the syllabus and on Learning Suite.

**Web Resources**
Division 17 Supervision and Training Special Interest Group Website and Listserv: [www.lehigh.edu/~nil3/stsig](http://www.lehigh.edu/~nil3/stsig)
American Counseling Association ([www.counseling.org](http://www.counseling.org))
Association for Counselor Education and Supervision: [www.siu.edu/~epse1/aces/](http://www.siu.edu/~epse1/aces/)

**Materials**
### Grading Scale

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### Participation Policy

In class discussion and supervision case management are essential not only for your own benefit but to promote a positive learning environment for the whole class. It is expected that you will attend all class and supervision sessions; avoid arriving late or leaving class early. Since valid reasons exist for missing class on occasion (Internship interviews), please notify the instructor in advance, if possible, of any absence. Please complete all readings by the due date listed in the syllabus so that you can benefit and participate fully in class discussions. At the end of the semester, I will ask you to submit a reading log that documents when you completed each of the readings.

### Assignments

#### Assignment Descriptions

**Supervision/consultation topical review and presentation**

Due: Wednesday, Apr 10 at 11:59 pm

**Supervision/Consultation topical review and presentation** (100 points): The presentation will be made on **Wednesday, April 18th during our last class period**. The presentation should last 10 - 15 minutes and you should briefly share what you learned from your search of the professional literature about an interesting issue concerning supervision/consultation. The presentation should go beyond what can be found in the textbook and we expect that you will reference at least 2 articles in your presentation.
presentation/handout a list of references used to educate yourself on this topic. An initial outline describing your topic and plan for the presentation is due February 28th. (10% for your research and presentation).

**Supervision Case Presentation**

| Apr 22 | Due: Monday, Apr 22 at 11:59 pm |

**Supervision Case Presentations** (100 points): You will make two formal presentation (30 minutes) with a 1-2 page write-up on one of your supervision cases and will include video- or audiotaped segments of your work (refer to sample below). Presentations will be given during the supervision of supervision group. The focus will be on issues, accomplishments or concerns related to your ongoing supervision. (5% each/10% total)

SAMPLE

Confidential Case Presentation

**Supervisee:** Jan Student, practicum student  
**Supervisor:** Vaughn E. Worthen, PhD, Professor

1. **Supervisee Background:** Jan is a White Caucasian LDS woman in her early thirties. She grew up in Minnesota, attended the University of Minnesota for her undergraduate degree (in psychology) and came to Utah to pursue a masters’ degree in counseling. She is in her first year (second semester) of her program and reports that she enjoys her classes and practicum experiences, but finds it difficult sometimes to balance the various demands of classes, clinical work, and personal time.

2. **History of Supervisory Relationship:** We have had 5 supervision sessions that have focused mainly on getting to know each other, finding out our respective expectations about supervision, and focusing on client material. Jan reported that her positive experiences in supervision occurred when the supervisor was empathic and respectful of the client. In addition, she found it helpful when she was stuck with a client to have her supervisor offer some avenues to further explore with the client. Jan identified that her strengths in counseling include rapport building with clients and assigning appropriate homework assignments. Growing edges include being more invested than clients in the change process and outcome, developing more intervention/strategies to deepen emotions with clients, and difficulty setting boundaries around session times.

At our fourth supervision session, Jan presented with two client concerns: (1) telephoning a client at home—the client, Pete, had told her that he didn’t want to be contacted at home. Jan reported that she was very worried about telephoning him, but for scheduling purposes, she had to call him. We brainstormed alternate ways for her to contact him (via email), and how she might follow-up with the client at the next session; (2) “winding” down sessions in a timely manner—Jan feels that she has made progress but one particular client continued talking about issues in the hallway and stairway. For this client concern, we discussed how she can end the session and keep the work within the session room. Jan came up with the idea of mentioning to the client that the stairway echoes a lot and that this wouldn’t be confidential.

To work on Jan’s second goal, we have explored and brainstormed ways to help her client access emotions—I suggested that Jan incorporate some Gestalt techniques, e.g., increased awareness, feeling word list, which she seemed to find helpful. We also discussed immediacy interventions and utilizing the therapeutic relationship as an indicator of how her client behaves/reacts in other relationships. Jan seemed interested in trying this immediacy approach.
3. **Areas of Strength in Supervision:** I believe that Jan and I have started to develop a “strong enough” supervisory working alliance. She appears to be willing to share her ideas, thoughts, and feelings with me. In addition, she asks for my feedback or opinion on decisions that she has made with clients or directions that she is working on with clients. Another strength is that we have been able to process our supervisory relationship and the manner of feedback—Jan reported that she enjoys the current approach. I also value that Jan seems open to trying out new techniques and learning about different theoretical orientations, e.g., Gestalt and existential.

4. **Growing Edges in Supervision:** One area of concern for me is that Jan may not perceive our supervision time to be as valuable or as important as other clinical matters. For example, at the beginning of our 2nd supervision session (scheduled to begin at 12:00 pm), she popped her head into my office to say that she was almost finished writing up her case notes. Fifteen minutes later she came back to my office to ask if I would look over her notes to make sure she had done it properly. We came back to my office at 12:20 pm to start the supervision session. I addressed the issue when it seemed appropriate during the session, but I am not sure that I communicated or she perceived how disturbed I was at her lateness.

5. **Questions:**
   a. How can I provide constructive feedback in a way that is supportive?
   b. How can I balance collaboration in supervision with the inherent evaluative nature of supervision?
   c. What about the parallel process of my being unable to start supervision sessions in a timely manner (akin to Jan’s difficulty in managing session time).

**Discussion Leader**

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**Discussion Leader** (100 points): Each student will be assigned to lead two class discussions based on the readings. You are expected to prepare a 30 minute presentation, activity, or other format of your choosing to generate discussion and learning among the class. *(5% each/10% total)*

**Participation and preparation**

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**Preparation for class, regular attendance, and participation** (100 points) in class discussion and supervision case management are essential not only for your own benefit but to promote a positive learning environment for the whole class. It is expected that you will attend all class and supervision sessions; avoid arriving late or leaving class early. Since valid reasons exist for missing class on occasion, please notify the instructor in advance, if possible, of any absence. Please complete all readings by the due date listed in the syllabus so that you can benefit and participate fully in class discussions. **At the end of the semester, I will ask you to submit a reading log that documents when you completed each of the readings. (10%)**

**Supervision Log**

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**Supervision Log** (100 points): You are required to keep a log of your supervision practice that includes the
• An initial self-reflective entry discussing your anticipation of your work as a supervisor. Include your thoughts and feelings related to becoming a supervisor and identify at least 3 goals for yourself in your work. 2 – 3 pages, due January 24th. (2.5 %)

• An end-of-the-semester self-reflective entry that considers your experience supervising this term. Address how you met or did not meet the goals you set for yourself, and indicate whether your goals changed over the semester. Also include goals for yourself in future supervision experiences. 2 – 3 pages, due Apr 18th. (2.5 %)

• Brief notes for each contact with your supervisees (including phone contact) and a brief summary of each supervision session. Ongoing, due Apr 18th. (2.5 %)
  - Supervision Record Form-log.docx

• End-of-the-semester evaluations: A copy of the evaluation you completed on your supervisees and a copy of the evaluation they complete for you, due Apr 18th. (2.5 %)

Supervision Case Management

| Apr 22 | Due: Monday, Apr 22 at 11:59 pm |

Supervision Case Management (200 points): For ethical and competent supervisory practice and to improve your supervision skills, it is essential that you obtain regular supervision of your supervision. You are required to meet weekly (the second hour of class) in a "supervision of supervision" group. It is expected that you will review your supervision recordings and come to these sessions prepared to consult about your supervisory work including playing recorded segments of your supervision sessions for your instructor and colleagues to view. In addition, you will present the supervision instructor with a recorded supervision session for review and meet with him for an individual supervision of supervision session at least twice during the semester during the last hour of class. At these individual supervision sessions, you will give the instructor a copy of your supervision notes (both times) as well as a cued-up video recording (one time) for his review. (20%)}

Provide Supervision

| Apr 22 | Due: Monday, Apr 22 at 11:59 pm |

Provide Supervision (300 points): To develop your supervision and consultation skills, it is important that you have the opportunity to provide supervision to counselors in training. You will be assigned to supervise one 1st year counseling psychology student and will provide one hour of individual supervision to your supervisee per week. You will review and sign your supervisee’s case notes (how will these be handled). You should negotiate the times of these supervisory meetings with your supervisee. You are required to video (preferred) or audiotape your supervision sessions so your instructor can view segments of them and provide feedback. You are also required to keep a Supervision Log (review the Supervision Log assignment) that will include brief case notes about each supervision session. The doctoral practicum instructor may request that you update him on the work of your supervisee (Dr. Kawika Allen). You will be required to complete a formal evaluation of your supervisee at the end of the semester. Your supervisee will also complete a formal evaluation of you. These will be discussed with each other, co-signed, and turned into the instructor at the end of the semester. (30%)
fact be your own work and not that of another. Violations of this principle may result in a failing grade in the course and additional disciplinary action by the university. Students are also expected to adhere to the Dress and Grooming Standards. Adherence demonstrates respect for yourself and others and ensures an effective learning and working environment. It is the university's expectation, and every instructor's expectation in class, that each student will abide by all Honor Code standards. Please call the Honor Code Office at 422-2847 if you have questions about those standards.

**Sexual Misconduct**

In accordance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Brigham Young University prohibits unlawful sex discrimination against any participant in its education programs or activities. The university also prohibits sexual harassment—including sexual violence—committed by or against students, university employees, and visitors to campus. As outlined in university policy, sexual harassment, dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking are considered forms of "Sexual Misconduct" prohibited by the university.

University policy requires all university employees in a teaching, managerial, or supervisory role to report all incidents of Sexual Misconduct that come to their attention in any way, including but not limited to face-to-face conversations, a written class assignment or paper, class discussion, email, text, or social media post. Incidents of Sexual Misconduct should be reported to the Title IX Coordinator at t9coordinator@byu.edu or (801) 422-8692. Reports may also be submitted through EthicsPoint at https://titleix.byu.edu/report (https://titleix.byu.edu/report) or 1-888-238-1062 (24-hours a day).

BYU offers confidential resources for those affected by Sexual Misconduct, including the university's Victim Advocate, as well as a number of non-confidential resources and services that may be helpful. Additional information about Title IX, the university's Sexual Misconduct Policy, reporting requirements, and resources can be found at http://titleix.byu.edu (http://titleix.byu.edu) or by contacting the university's Title IX Coordinator.

**Student Disability**

Brigham Young University is committed to providing a working and learning atmosphere that reasonably accommodates qualified persons with disabilities. If you have any disability which may impair your ability to complete this course successfully, please contact the University Accessibility Center (UAC), 2170 WSC or 422-2767. Reasonable academic accommodations are reviewed for all students who have qualified, documented disabilities. The UAC can also assess students for learning, attention, and emotional concerns. Services are coordinated with the student and instructor by the UAC. If you need assistance or if you feel you have been unlawfully discriminated against on the basis of disability, you may seek resolution through established grievance policy and procedures by contacting the Equal Employment Office at 422-5895, D-285 ASB.

**Academic Honesty**

The first injunction of the Honor Code is the call to "be honest." Students come to the university not only to improve their minds, gain knowledge, and develop skills that will assist them in their life's work, but also to build character. "President David O. McKay taught that character is the highest aim of education" (The Aims of a BYU Education, p.6). It is the purpose of the BYU Academic Honesty Policy to assist in fulfilling that aim. BYU students should seek to be totally honest in their dealings with others. They should complete their own work and be evaluated based upon that work. They should avoid academic dishonesty and misconduct in all its forms, including but not limited to plagiarism, fabrication or falsification, cheating, and other academic misconduct.

**Deliberation Guidelines**

To facilitate productive and open discussions about sensitive topics about which there are differing opinions, members of the BYU community should: (1) Remember that we are each responsible for enabling a productive, respectful dialogue. (2) To enable time for everyone to speak, strive to be concise with your thoughts. (3) Respect all speakers by listening actively. (4) Treat others with the respect that you would like them to treat you with, regardless of your differences. (5) Do not interrupt others. (6) Always try to understand what is being said before you respond. (7) Ask for clarification instead of making assumptions. (8) When countering an idea, or
argument continue out of the classroom when someone does not want it to. Extending these conversations beyond class can be productive, but we must agree to do so respectfully, ethically, and with attention to individuals' requests for confidentiality and discretion. (10) Remember that exposing yourself to different perspectives helps you to evaluate your own beliefs more clearly and learn new information. (11) Remember that just because you do not agree with a person's statements, it does not mean that you cannot get along with that person. (12) Speak with your professor privately if you feel that the classroom environment has become hostile, biased, or intimidating. Adapted from the Deliberation Guidelines published by The Center for Democratic Deliberation. (http://cdd.la.psu.edu/education/The%20CDD%20Deliberation%20Guidelines.pdf /view?searchterm=deliberation%20guidelines)

**Inappropriate Use Of Course Materials**

All course materials (e.g., outlines, handouts, syllabi, exams, quizzes, PowerPoint presentations, lectures, audio and video recordings, etc.) are proprietary. Students are prohibited from posting or selling any such course materials without the express written permission of the professor teaching this course. To do so is a violation of the Brigham Young University Honor Code.

**Plagiarism**

Intentional plagiarism is a form of intellectual theft that violates widely recognized principles of academic integrity as well as the Honor Code. Such plagiarism may subject the student to appropriate disciplinary action administered through the university Honor Code Office, in addition to academic sanctions that may be applied by an instructor. Inadvertent plagiarism, which may not be a violation of the Honor Code, is nevertheless a form of intellectual carelessness that is unacceptable in the academic community. Plagiarism of any kind is completely contrary to the established practices of higher education where all members of the university are expected to acknowledge the original intellectual work of others that is included in their own work. In some cases, plagiarism may also involve violations of copyright law. Intentional Plagiarism-Intentional plagiarism is the deliberate act of representing the words, ideas, or data of another as one's own without providing proper attribution to the author through quotation, reference, or footnote. Inadvertent Plagiarism-Inadvertent plagiarism involves the inappropriate, but non-deliberate, use of another's words, ideas, or data without proper attribution. Inadvertent plagiarism usually results from an ignorant failure to follow established rules for documenting sources or from simply not being sufficiently careful in research and writing. Although not a violation of the Honor Code, inadvertent plagiarism is a form of academic misconduct for which an instructor can impose appropriate academic sanctions. Students who are in doubt as to whether they are providing proper attribution have the responsibility to consult with their instructor and obtain guidance. Examples of plagiarism include: Direct Plagiarism-The verbatim copying of an original source without acknowledging the source. Paraphrased Plagiarism-The paraphrasing, without acknowledgement, of ideas from another that the reader might mistake for the author's own. Plagiarism Mosaic-The borrowing of words, ideas, or data from an original source and blending this original material with one's own without acknowledging the source. Insufficient Acknowledgement-The partial or incomplete attribution of words, ideas, or data from an original source. Plagiarism may occur with respect to unpublished as well as published material. Copying another student's work and submitting it as one's own individual work without proper attribution is a serious form of plagiarism.

**Mental Health Concerns**

Mental health concerns and stressful life events can affect students' academic performance and quality of life. BYU Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS, 1500 WSC, 801-422-3035, caps.byu.edu) provides individual, couples, and group counseling, as well as stress management services. These services are confidential and are provided by the university at no cost for full-time students. For general information please visit https://caps.byu.edu (https://caps.byu.edu); for more immediate concerns please visit http://help.byu.edu (http://help.byu.edu).

**Respectful Environment**

"Sadly, from time to time, we do hear reports of those who are at best insensitive and at worst insulting in their comments to and about others... We hear derogatory and sometimes even defamatory comments about those with different political, athletic, or ethnic views or experiences. Such behavior is completely out of place at BYU, and I enlist the aid of all to monitor carefully and, if necessary, correct any such that might occur here, however
remember that personal agency is a fundamental principle and that none of us has the right or option to criticize the lawful choices of another." President Cecil O. Samuelson, Annual University Conference, August 24, 2010

"Occasionally, we ... hear reports that our female faculty feel disrespected, especially by students, for choosing to work at BYU, even though each one has been approved by the BYU Board of Trustees. Brothers and sisters, these things ought not to be. Not here. Not at a university that shares a constitution with the School of the Prophets." Vice President John S. Tanner, Annual University Conference, August 24, 2010

### Schedule

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<tr>
<td><strong>Week 1</strong></td>
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<td>W Jan 09 Wednesday</td>
<td><strong>Reviewing and organizing the course:</strong></td>
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<td>• Syllabus</td>
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<td><strong>Week 2</strong></td>
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W Jan 16 Wednesday

What does positive and negative supervision look like?

Book:

Chapter 1: "Introduction to Clinical Supervision" (Each class period you are required to read the assigned chapter, so we can discuss about the chapter. Be ready to be called upon.)

(For primary source readings below and in each class period, you will be assigned to read and then help your classmates with that reading. Be prepared to take about 10 minutes, including discussion or questions from others.)

Beginning Supervision

- Beginning Supervision (2019).docx Download

Additional Readings:


- A phenomenological investigation of good supervision events (1996).pdf Download
- A Phenomenological investigation of good supervision events(R).pptx Download


- Effective and ineffective supervision - Ladany - The Counseling Psychologist-2013.pdf Download
- Effective and ineffective supervision(R).pptx Download


- Inadequate and harmful clinical supervision - Ellis - The Counseling Psychologist-2014.pdf Download
- Inadequate and harmful supervision(R).pptx Download


- Psychotherapy trainees experience of counterproductive events in supervision.pdf Download
- Psychotherapy Trainees’ experience of counterproductive events in(R).pptx Download
W Jan 23 Wednesday

Organizing Supervision

Book:

Chapter 7: "Organizing the Supervision Experience"

Additional Readings:


- Competence in Competency-Based Supervision Practice.pptx Download


- Becoming a supervisor - doctoral student perceptions of the training experience (2006).pdf Download
- Becoming a supervisor.pptx Download

Supervision Contract Example (created by a previous class)

- Supervision Contract (2015).docx Download

Week 4
Ethical and Legal Considerations

Book:

Chapter 11: “Ethical and Legal Foundations for Supervision Practice”

Additional Readings:


- Commentaries on the ethical and effective practice of clinical supervision (2007).pdf Download
- Commentaries on the ethical and effective practice of.pptx Download


- Clinical supervision of psychotherapy - essential ethics issues for supervisors and supervisees.pdf Download
- Clinical supervision of psychotherapy.pptx Download


- Guidelines for clinical supervision in health service psychology.pdf Download
- Guidelines for clinical supervision in health service psychology.pptx Download

Case Presentation: (Sabree)

Individual Supervision: (Russ)
Supervision Models

Book:

Chapters 2: "Supervision Models: Psychotherapy-Based and Developmental Models"

Additional Readings:

Theories and Models of Supervision


DEVELOPMENTAL MODELS OF SUPERVISION

Developmental Supervision (Jason)

- [http://www.slideshare.net/amberforehand/developmental-supervision](http://www.slideshare.net/amberforehand/developmental-supervision)
- Integrated Developmental Model: [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gu7cIST3Q4I](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gu7cIST3Q4I)
- Approaching Supervision from Dev Perspective.pdf Download
- Supervision a conceptual model-1982-Loganbill-3-42.pdf Download

Introduction to Supervision Theories, Methods, and Ethics

- [https://www.txca.org/images/tca/TheoriesofSupervision/TheoriesofSupervision.html](https://www.txca.org/images/tca/TheoriesofSupervision/TheoriesofSupervision.html) (Justin)


- The Counseling Psychologist-2009-Westefeld-296-316.pdf Download
- Supervision of Psychotherapy.pptx Download

SOLUTION FOCUSED SUPERVISION


- Supervision for inner-vision - solution-focused strategies.pdf Download
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U61uHI-nurY](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U61uHI-nurY)

NARRATIVE SUPERVISION

Whiting, J. B. (2007). Authors, artists, and social constructivism: A case study of narrative supervision. *Family Therapy*, 35(2), 139-150. DOI: 10.1080/01926180600698434 (Davis)
Case Presentation: (Davis)

Individual Supervision: (Jessica)

Week 6

W Feb 13 Wednesday

Supervision Models

Book:


DISCRIMINATION MODEL

Discrimination Model (Janine Bernard) (Jessica)

- Discrimination Model https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7wOszCNcKR8

STRENGTH-BASED SUPERVISION

Strength-Based Clinical Supervision: A Positive Psychology Approach to Clinical Training (2015; John C. Wade & Janine E. Russ)

- https://books.google.com/books?id=2UZuBAAQBAJ&pg=PP1&lpg=PP1&dq=wade+jones+%22Strength-based%22&source=vJLf7XNm&sig=PaYAqjdJCdGVAiwb12ei-RyB8v8&hl=en&sa=X&ei=TB-jVPyPG9GqogSD1oGYCQ&ved=0CEkQ6AEwBg#v=oq=wade%20jones%20%22Strength-based%22&f=false

Case Presentation: (Jason)

Individual Supervision: (Justin)

Week 7

T Feb 19 Tuesday

Monday Instruction
Consultation Theory and Interventions & Supervision Evaluation

Book:

Chapter 10: "Evaluation"

Readings:


- Development and validation of the evaluation process within supervision inventory (2001).pdf


- Supervisor perspective on the process and outcome of giving easy - difficult - or no feedback to supervisees (2005).pptx Download


- Professional preparation and continuing education for beginning - entry - midlevel and senior consulting psychologists (2007).pdf Download

The Essentials of Appreciative Inquiry: A Roadmap for Creating Positive Futures (Mohr, B. J., & Watkins, M.)

- https://gcatd.org/resources/Documents/Special%20Interest%20Groups%20(SIGs)/Consultants/AI%20article.pdf


- Workplace failure - Masturing the last taboo - 2008.pdf Download


- A Day of Office in the Saddle - 1998.pdf Download


- Scale of Dragon, Toe of Frog, and the Compleat Consultant - 1998.pdf Download
Week 8
W Feb 27 Wednesday

**Multicultural Issues**

**Book:**

Chapter 6: "Multicultural Supervision"

**Additional Readings:**


- Multicultural Clinical Supervision - Falendar The Counseling Psychologist-2013.pdf  Download


- Supervisor cultural responsiveness and unresponsiveness in cross-cultural supervision (2006).

**Case Presentation:** *(Jessica)*

**Individual Supervision:** *(Davis)*

Week 9
Dimensions of the Supervision Relationship

Book:

Chapter 4: "Supervisory Relationships: Triadic and Dyadic"

Additional Readings:

- The parallel process in psychotherapy supervision.pdf Download

- Reconsidering the Parallel Process 2017.pdf Download

- A close look at conflictual supervisory relationships - the trainee's perspective (2001).pdf Download
- A close look at Conflictual Supervisory relationships (1).pptx Download

- Nature - extent and importance of what psychotherapy trainees do not disclose to their supervisors.pdf Download
- Nature, extent, and importance of what.pptx Download

Mehr, K. E., Ladany, N. & Caskie, G. I. L. (2010). Trainee nondisclosure in supervision: What are they not telling you? Psychotherapy Research, 10(2), 103-113. DOI: 10.1080/14733141003712301 (Sabree)
- Trainee nondisclosure in supervision - what are they not telling you (2010).pdf Download

Case Presentation: (Justin)

Individual Supervision: (Jason)
Supervision topical review paper proposal due

Week 10
W Mar 13 Wednesday

Dimensions of the Supervision Relationship

Book:

Chapter 5: "Supervisory Relationships: Supervisee and Supervisor Factors"

Additional Readings:


- [http://web.a.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail/detail?vid=2&sid=099930a9-81b6-4402-8f77-558814a61592%40sessionmgr4002&hid=bdata=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtbGl2ZSBzb2Z0QmludGVsZS5maC9jZnMvMjg4Mzg3MDY5OTc0MDA5NjgyL=aph&AN=1709370](http://web.a.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail/detail?vid=2&sid=099930a9-81b6-4402-8f77-558814a61592%40sessionmgr4002&hid=bdata=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtbGl2ZSBzb2Z0QmludGVsZS5maC9jZnMvMjg4Mzg3MDY5OTc0MDA5NjgyL=aph&AN=1709370)
- The content and frequency of supervisor self-disclosures and.pptx [Download](http://web.a.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail/detail?vid=2&sid=099930a9-81b6-4402-8f77-558814a61592%40sessionmgr4002&hid=bdata=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtbGl2ZSBzb2Z0QmludGVsZS5maC9jZnMvMjg4Mzg3MDY5OTc0MDA5NjgyL=aph&AN=1709370)


- [http://web.b.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail/detail?sid=4c376981-b59e-4163-9c9b-7caa412ee7c0%40sessionmgr4001&hid=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtbGl2ZSBzb2Z0QmludGVsZS5maC9jZnMvMjg4Mzg3MDY5OTc0MDA5NjgyL=aph&AN=1709371](http://web.b.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail/detail?sid=4c376981-b59e-4163-9c9b-7caa412ee7c0%40sessionmgr4001&hid=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtbGl2ZSBzb2Z0QmludGVsZS5maC9jZnMvMjg4Mzg3MDY5OTc0MDA5NjgyL=aph&AN=1709371)
- The nature of counselor supervisor nondisclosure.pptx [Download](http://web.b.ebscohost.com/ehost/detail/detail?sid=4c376981-b59e-4163-9c9b-7caa412ee7c0%40sessionmgr4001&hid=JnNpdGU9ZWhvc3QtbGl2ZSBzb2Z0QmludGVsZS5maC9jZnMvMjg4Mzg3MDY5OTc0MDA5NjgyL=aph&AN=1709371)

Case Presentation: (Sabree)

Individual Supervision: (Russ)

Week 11
W Mar 20 Wednesday

The Delivery of Clinical Supervision

Book:

Chapter 8: "Individual Supervision"

Additional Readings:


Case Presentation: (Davis)

Individual Supervision: (Jessica)

Week 12

W Mar 27 Wednesday

The Delivery of Clinical Supervision

Book:

Chapter 9: "Group Supervision and Live Supervision"

Additional Readings:

Case Presentation: (Jason)

Individual Supervision: (Sabree)

Week 13
Supervising Practitioners

Book:

Chapter 12: "Facilitating Career-Long Professional Development"

Additional Readings:

A MODEL OF PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OVER THE COURSE OF A CAREER

- The journey of the counselor and therapist - research findings and perspectives on professional development.pdf Download


- A field without expertise (2014).pdf Download


- Client outcomes across counselor training level with a multitiered supervision model (2010).pdf


- Clinical supervision - its influence on client-rated working alliance and client symptom reduction in the brief treatment of major depression.pdf Download


- Clinical supervision Lessons from the literature - Goodyear Bernard - 1998.pdf Download


- A rationale for evidence based clinical supervision (2012).pdf Download

- [Outcome Oriented Supervision (2007).pdf](https://learningsuite.byu.edu/view/yF8NSJdUSRzX.html#instructorInfo...)

**Case Presentation:** *(Russ)*

**Individual Supervision:** *(Jason)*

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<td>&quot;Term Paper&quot; Presentations from everyone</td>
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<td>M Apr 22 Monday</td>
<td>Final Exam: TBA TBA 11:00am - 2:00pm</td>
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